By the Center for **Media and Democracy** www.prwatch.org

ALEC EXPOSED

"ALEC" has long been a secretive collaboration between Big Business and "conservative" politicians. Behind closed doors, they ghostwrite "model" bills to be introduced in state capitols across the country. This agenda-underwritten by global corporationsincludes major tax loopholes for big industries and the super rich, proposals to offshore U.S. jobs and gut minimum wage, and efforts to weaken public health, safety, and environmental protections. Although many of these bills have become law, until now, their origin has been largely unknown. With ALEC EXPOSED, the Center for Media and Democracy hopes more Americans will study the bills to understand the depth and breadth of how big corporations are changing the legal rules and undermining democracy across the nation.

ALEC's Corporate Board

--in recent past or present

- AT&T Services, Inc.
- centerpoint360
- UPS
- Bayer Corporation
- GlaxoSmithKline
- Energy Future Holdings
- Johnson & Johnson Coca-Cola Company
- PhRMA
- Kraft Foods, Inc.
- Coca-Cola Co.
- Pfizer Inc.
- Reed Elsevier, Inc. DIAGEO
- Peabody Energy
- Intuit, Inc.
- Koch Industries, Inc.
- ExxonMobil Verizon
- Reynolds American Inc.
- Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.
- Salt River Project Altria Client Services, Inc.
- American Bail Coalition
- State Farm Insurance

For more on these corporations, search at www.SourceWatch.org

DID YOU KNOW? Corporations VOTED to adopt this. Through ALEC, global companies work as "equals" in "unison" with politicians to write laws to govern your life. Big Business has "a VOICE and a VOTE," according to newly exposed documents. DO YOU?

Home → Model Legislation → Commerce, Insurance, and Economic Development

Resolution on Occupational Licensing

WHEREAS, the members of the American Legislative Exchange Counsel (ALEC) oppose unnecessary and burdensome government regulations on commerce and individual citizens, and:

WHEREAS, ALEC opposes the implementation of occupational licenses, certifications, and or registrations unless needed to protect immediate health, safety, or welfare of the public, and;

WHEREAS, ALEC believes reducing occupational licensing requirements will increase economic prosperity and employment in the states, and;

WHEREAS, due to restrictive licensure requirements, states own the working "title" of hundreds of simple occupations thereby preventing individuals with on the job training, natural talent, honed skills, and formal education from using a job title without state approval, and;

WHEREAS, licensing requirements are often of little use to consumers and are instead used by private-sector entities to gain a competitive advantage through government intervention, and;

WHEREAS, many current types licensure should be made optional rather than mandatory as this may provide a competitive advantage for businesses who choose licensure while reducing costs for consumers, and;

WHEREAS, by restricting competition, licensing decreases the rate of job growth by an average of 20 percent. The total cost of licensing regulations is estimated at between \$34.8 to \$41.7 billion per year. In addition, by providing protection from competition, occupational regulation stifles innovation and entrepreneurship, thereby suppressing future economic growth, and;

WHEREAS, licensing requirements often create a burdensome barrier of entry for many individuals and often needlessly prevent individuals with criminal convictions, unrelated to the profession they are seeking to be licensed in and which pose little risk to the public, from working in their chosen field, and;

WHEREAS, ALEC supports the entrepreneurial spirit of Americans and their right to seek economic liberty and improve their standard of living;

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, ALEC calls on state legislatures to review current occupational licensing laws in order to establish if commerce is better served by a less restrictive means such as voluntary registration and certification or no occupational regulation at all, and;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, State legislatures should study the following criteria;

- 1. If state licensure requirements are overly restrictive and burdensome.
- 2. If costs to consumers are unnecessarily increased.
- 3. If licensure test questions and continuing education requirements are logical or relevant, and that they examine the rate of passage or failure.
- 4. How state employment is impacted by licensure requirements.
- 5. Consumer complaints and the enforcement activity of the board or commission.
- 6. If a less restrictive form of regulation, or no regulation would better serve the public.

Adopted by the Commerce, Insurance and Economic Development Task Force at the Spring Task Force Summit, May 16, 2008. Approved by the full ALEC Board of Directors June 2008.

About US and ALEC EXPOSED. The Center for Media and Democracy reports on corporate spin and government propaganda. We are located in Madison, Wisconsin, and publish www.PRWatch.org, www.SourceWatch.org, and now www.ALECexposed.org. For more information contact: editor@prwatch.org or 608-260-9713.

Did you know that global corporation Kraft Foods served as corporate co-chair in 2011?

